CITY OF CAMBRIDGE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Phase II NPDES

Stormwater Management Program

Public Meeting

March 28, 2017



AGENDA

- NPDES Program Overview
- Year 14 accomplishments
- Looking Forward: New Permit Requirements
- Update on Climate Change Vulnerability
 Assessment and Preparedness & Resiliency Plan



NPDES PROGRAM OVERVIEW



Clean Water Act



- The Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1948 was the first major U.S. law to address water pollution.
- Growing public awareness and concern led to sweeping amendments in 1972, the law became commonly known as the Clean Water Act (CWA).
- ➤ The 1972 amendments:
 - Established the basic structure for regulating pollutants discharges into the waters of the United States.
 - Made it unlawful for any person to discharge any pollutant from a point source into navigable waters, unless a permit was obtained. Stormwater was not considered a point source discharge





Cuyahoga River, OH 1969



NPDES:

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System



Water Quality Act of 1987 regulated stormwater as a point source discharge

1990: Phase I

 Regulated stormwater discharges from Municipalities (over 100,000 population), industrial operations, construction sites (>5 acres) Boston, Worcester

1999: Phase II

- Regulates stormwater discharges from small Municipalities, 1
 5 acre construction sites, prisons, state universities, others...
- Initial Notice of Intent submitted July 2003
- Currently Completing Year 14
- ► Reissued Permit Effective July 1, 2017 2022



Impaired Waters

Stormwater discharges are causing or contributing to at least 55% of the impairments in all Massachusetts' assessed waters



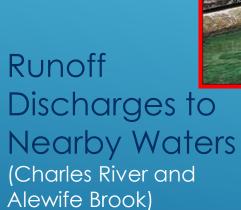


Program Objective



How do we do this?

Reduce discharges of pollutants from the regulated separate stormwater system (MS4) to the maximum extent practicable









STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Address 6 Minimum Control Measures

- 1. Public education/outreach
- 2. Public involvement/participation
- 3. Illicit discharge detection/elimination
- 4. Construction Site stormwater runoff control
- 5. Post-construction stormwater management
- 6. Pollution prevention/good housekeeping for municipal operations

Develop and implement Best Management Practices to address each program area



YEAR 14 ACCOMPLISHMENTS



#1. PUBLIC EDUCATION & OUTREACH

Meetings

Construction (Alewife Sewer Separation, The Port)

Neighborhood and Business Outreach

- Meetings with community groups (Alewife Sewer Separation, The Port, Williard Street, Newport/Roseland/Appleton)
- Coffee talks (8) (Alewife Sewer Separation)
- Bake Sale (Alewife Sewer Separation)
- Celebrate Observatory Hill September 15, 2016 (Alewife Sewer Separation)

Rain Barrel Promotion – May 22, 2016

Displays around City (DPW, City Hall, Water Dept.)

Partnership with Green Cambridge for installation

Sold 85 barrels



#1. Public Education & Outreach (cont.)

Curb Marker installations

Stormwater Management Web Site

www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/ourservices/storm watermanagement

Youth Outreach

- Alewife Wetland Tour August 3
- Enviroscape demonstration
 - DPW Roadshow May 16
 - Fresh Pond Day June 11
- Cambridge Science Festival

City Publications

- City View commonwealth connect tapping into Cambridge water
- Brochures

Flooding: Is Your Property Protected





#2. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION &

INVOLVEMENT





Stormwater Wetland Tours (1) August 3, 2016

Household Hazardous Waste Collections (4) April 19, June 18, Sept 10, Oct 29

Meetings

- ► Annual Stormwater Meeting March 28, 2017
- Envision Cambridge (Alewife)
- Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment and Preparedness & Resiliency Plan

#3. ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION &

ELIMINATION (IDDE)

PROHIBIT, IDENTIFY AND REMOVE ILLICIT CONNECTION AND DISCHARGES

Water quality sampling

- Charles –Dry, wet, Oil & Grease
- Alewife Dry, wet, Oil & Grease
- Fresh Pond Reservoir

Illicit Connections Identification/Removal

- S. Normandy Ave-lined over/under system sewer
- Normandy Ave area investigations ongoing
- Sparks Street investigations ongoing
- Matignon Road investigations ongoing

Investigation of Complaints (15)

- See, Click, Fix (11) Dumping Into Stormdrain (sewer odors, construction sediment, salt piles, leaking dumpsters, etc)
- Other (4)







#3 IDDE (CONT.)

Automatic Sampling Stations (5)

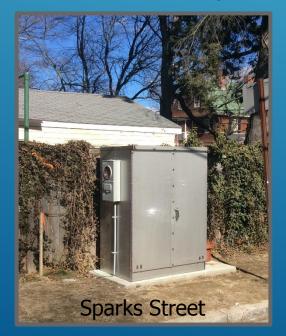
- ➤ 100% completed (Harrison Ave, Stormwater Wetland (2), Western Ave, Sparks St at Foster)
- Working on live website connection

Sewer Holding Tank Inspection Program

- Total # private sanitary tanks (19)
- Total # inspected to date (15)



Wetland Outlet





#4. CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF CONTROL

REDUCE POLLUTANTS FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES THAT DISTURB ≥ 1 ACRE AND SIGNIFICANT PROJECTS

- Stormwater Control Permits: Erosion Control Plans approved: 4
- ▶ Weekly meetings with large contractors during March Nov
- Number of active construction sites inspected: 59
- ➤ Total number of erosion & sediment control inspections:162
- WARNING tickets issued: 28
- Presentation to contractors: 1









#4. CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF CONTROL (CONT.) DON'T DUMP INTO DRAINS!













Contractor is responsible for all sediment, dewatering, and discharge from construction site.



#4. CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF CONTROL (CONT.)

Construction dewatering requires a permit from EPA/
MWRA and City of Cambridge before dewatering

Stabilized construction entrance/exit and street sweeping reduces stormwater pollution





#5. POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

ADDRESS RUNOFF FROM NEW AND REDEVELOPMENT PROJECTS THROUGH THE USE OF BMPS

Stormwater Control Permits: submitted – 21 (approved - 4)

- Store on site the difference in volume between the 2 yr 24 hr preconstruction runoff and the 25 yr 24hr post construction runoff
- Peak development discharge rate less than existing conditions
- Manage stormwater runoff to reduce 80% TSS and 65% TP from site.
- Manage sewer discharge to ensure no increase in CSOs or SSOs.
- Build to the 2070 10yr storm with a recovery plan for the 2070
 100yr storm (updated based upon CCVA Reports still evolving)



BMP inspection



Filtration system

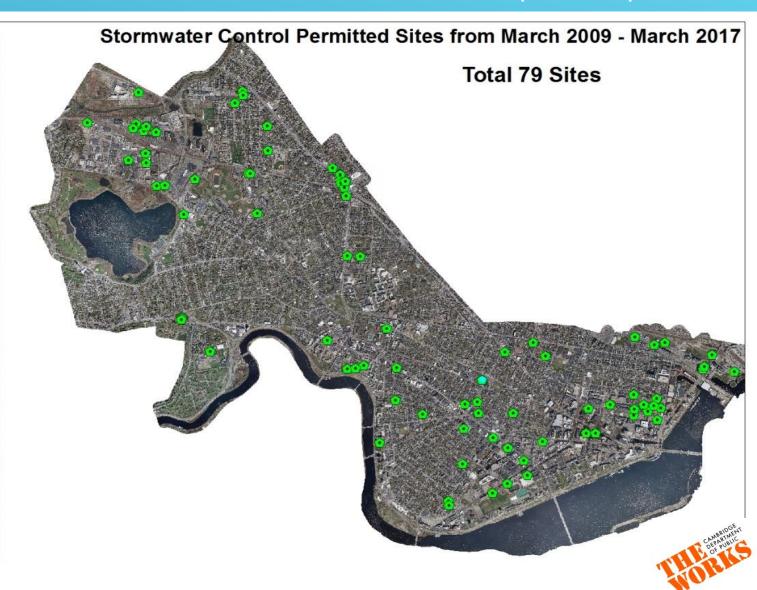


Infiltration swale



#5. POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

hat .	Project Name	Permit Yes
1	237 Frankline St	2016
2	76 Prespect St	2016
3	8 Ecoex St	2016
4	147 Prospect St	2016
5	32 MII St	2015
6	100Bin noy St	2015
7	2 Leighton St	2015
8	253Wilden St	2015
9	339Bin ray St	2015
10	88 Cam bridgepark Dr 30 Broadway	2015
12	1868NbscAre	2014
13	30 Cott age Pk Dr	2014
14	27 OTN/rdSt	2014
15	62 Nboney St	2014
16	15 Rich dale Ave	2014
17	150CsmbridgsPsrkDr	2014
18	240SidneySt	2013
19	300M/assichusets/Avenue	2013
20	75 Naw St	2013
21	The lay Residence s	2013
22	Rhythmia	2013
23	21 Windell	2013
24	165 Cambridgepark Dr	2013
25	Conductors Building	2013
26	FairfieldIm	2013
27	MITTCCVIssarStreet	2013
28	Partar Squara Hotal	2013
29	Art Institute of Boston	2013
30	MLKSchool	2013
31	22 and 27 Cottage Park Are	2012
35	Old Buincy House Rene wal/ 58 Plympt on St	2012
33	603Concord Are/19 Meder St	2012
34	Phase II - Residences at Fresh Pond/30 Favcett Street	2012
35	Rogers Street Park/67 Rogers Street	2012
36	159First St	2012
37	22 Whiter Street Residences	2012
38	West Annex Lot/16916 par St	2012
40	130Brookline St/11Tu dor (MTIn restment Mang. Co.)	2012
41	EF Building/8Education Street	2012
40	North Point W2L eight on St 113-135 HerveySt	2012
43	Temple Place/7Temple Place	2012
44	125,150,160R Cam bridgepar k Dr	2012
45	40 NorrisSt	2012
46	120-124 Rindge Ave - Broder Propertie cAppartments	2012
47	MapleLeaf Micro Lofts/10Glassworks Are	2012
48	160 Cum bridge Park Dr	2012
49	355 Fre di PondParksoy Retail Center	2012
50	166-174 Hampshire St.	2012
51	Northpoint Appartment Tower W 20ChildS treet	2012
52	75-125 Birm ey St	2012
53	1-7 Brattle Circle	2011
54	300Bis nog Street (17 Cambridge Street)	2011
55	NovartisInstitutes for Biomedical Research /181 Mass Ave	2011
56	610Mbin Street	2011
57	225 Bin noy St-Alessa dris Center	2011
58	15 Ane sSt	2011
59	430 White door st condoo Units 1-2	2011
	The Residence At Fresh Pond, Cabot Cabot & Forbes	2011
61	1505cc and St	2011
62	106 Vascur Sit 61 Mbulton Sit / 665 Con card Ave. starm vater control permit	2011
64	Bolton Street residences+	2010
65	Shody Hill School	2010
66	402MastAVE-Salvation Ave	2010
67	St. Jan esChurch	2010
68	625 Putnam ave	2010
69	FOGGMeseum - Construction Permit	2010
10	1073-1081 MussAv c	2010
71	126Charles Street (>10 parkings res)	2010
12	67 New Street	2009
13	35-36P incSt	2000
74	200-300.Akorn Park Dr (Bulfisch Proporte)	2009
15	Elm Pla ce	2006
76	221-223 Concord Tempiles	2008
17	Lutheran Church	2008
18	1660MassAve(Le de University Parkinglot)>10c ar Parking	2006
	30 Jay Street	2008



#5. POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

Post Construction BMP Inspections: 52

Database maintained for private BMP facilities

Energov software: to manage permitting, inspections and code enforcement on stormwater control permits, and

Conservation Commission permits









Treatment swale

Sewer storage tank

Street Maintenance

- ▶ 1021 tons of street sweeping debris
- ▶ 1562 catch basins cleaned (364 tons)

Stormwater Best Management Practices



- ► Alewife Sewer Separation (Huron B): 4,224 LF in construction
- ► Alewife Sewer Separation (Concord Area): 3,960 LF in construction



- ► Alewife Sewer Separation (Concord Area) 1 in construction
- Infiltrating Catch Basins:
 - Roseland St (3) completed
 - Newport Rd(1) completed
 - Appleton St (1)



Street Sweeping



Porous Pavement



Rain Barrel



Biobasin



Riobasir

Trees Planted – 279 Municipal Facility Inspections

- ► 157 +/- total facilities (62 in separated areas)
- 90 inspected (41 in separated areas to date)

Employee Training 71

- > 51 Municipal Pollution Prevention Measures
- > 20 Stormwater Permit Regulations

Cartegraph for work order management









Capital Improvement Projects

 SCADA Improvements: real time monitoring of stormwater sampling stations (5), drain vaults #1-5, sewer vaults #1-2, and Hovey St tanks construction completed

Wadsworth Sewer Pump Station
 Reconstruction design completed

- ► The Port: Bishop Allen Drive Flood Control (stormwater tank and pump station): 80% design
- Roseland St/Newport Rd/Appleton St sewer separation: 40% construction
- Stormwater Sampling Stations (5): construction completed



Capital Improvement Projects cont.

- Sewer Capital Repair Program:
 - Infomaster software to characterize code defects ongoing,
 - ▶ 1st lining contract (\$1.1 m) construction complete
 - ➤ 2nd lining contract (\$1.0 m) in design
- Monsignor O'Brien Drain and New Outfall in design
- Broad Canal Drain extension improvements design complete
- The Port: (2nd stormwater tank and pump station) in planning
- Talbot Street Outfall in design
- Willard Street Outfall re-establishment in design and permitting







CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT HIGHLIGHTS FOR NEXT PERMIT YEAR

- ▶ Willard St. outfall re-establishment bid 2017/18
- ➤ The Port: Bishop Allen flood control bid 2017
- ➤ Wadsworth Pump Station Reconstruction construction2017
- ➤ Talbot St Outfall bid 2018
- ➤ Stormwater Sampling Stations live updates on website 2017
- ▶ Sewer Capital Repair Program: 2nd contract (\$1.0 m) bid 2017









LOOKING FORWARD: NEW PERMIT REQUIREMENTS



Status of New NPDES MS4 Permit

- ► Effective Date: July 1, 2017
- Notice of Intent Due: September 27, 2017
- > Stormwater Management Plan Due (SWMP):July 1, 2018

https://www3.epa.gov/region1/npdes/stormwater/MS4_MA.html

What's New: More prescriptive





Changes in the new permit Highlights

SWMP is a living document – updated annually



- Description of Best Management Practices (BMP) and updates
- Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) inventory and management
- Document compliance with regulations and authority
- All written procedures for inspections, enforcement, reviews

Develop and implement programs to address TMDLs

► Charles River: Phosphorous and Pathogens

Enhanced Program to address Water Quality Limited Waterbodies

- ► Nitrogen: N/A
- ➤ Phosphorus: Alewife Brook
- ▶ Solids, Metals, Oil And Grease: Charles River and Alewife Brook
- ▶ Bacteria or Pathogens: Alewife Brook
- ► Chloride: Segment of Charles River



Changes in the new permit cont.

6 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURES

- 1. Public education/outreach
 - 4 groups, 2 targeted messages each residential,
 business/commercial/institutional, developers/construction, industrial
- 2. Public involvement/participation
 - Provide public an opportunity to review and implement the SWMP
- 3. Illicit discharge detection/elimination
 - Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) inventory and management (5 years). Maintain updates in SWMP
 - System catchment mapping
 - Written IDDE Program
 - Assessment and Ranking of Outfalls
 - Dry and Wet weather sampling system vulnerability factors
 - Employee Training



Changes in the new permit cont.

- 4. Construction Site stormwater runoff control
 - Written procedures for site plan review, E&S control inspection and enforcement



- 5. Post-construction stormwater management
 - Low Impact Development strategies must be used (MEP)
 - New Development and Redevelopment projects must meet certain requirements and standards from the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook
 - As-built drawings must be submitted within 2 years
 - Assess street design and parking lot guidelines and other regulations that affect the creation of impervious surfaces. Modify regulations to support low impact design options
 - Review municipal facilities for opportunities to install BMPs and reduce impervious area through retrofits



Changes in the new permit cont

- 6. Pollution prevention/good housekeeping for municipal operations
 - Written programs included in SWMP 0&M procedures for municipal facilities and infrastructure
 - Catch Basin maintenance 50% sump and prioritization of problem areas
 - Road salt use optimization plan
 - Annual inspection of all stormwater treatment structures
 - Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPP) maintenance garages, public works yards, transfer stations and other waste handling facilities









UPDATE ON CLIMATE CHANGE VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT AND PREPAREDNESS AND RESILIENCY PLAN



CLIMATE CHANGE VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT (CVVA)

Technical Foundation for Preparedness and Resiliency Plan

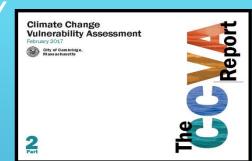
- Identifies key physical and social vulnerabilities
- Climate stress test (temperature and flooding)

CVVA Report Part 1 – November 2015

 focused on the risks from increasing temperatures and precipitation

CVVA Report Part 2 – February 2017

 addresses vulnerabilities related to sea level rise (SLR) and storm surges (SS)













CVVA Key SLR/SS Findings

Alewife Watershed:

- By 2045, Amelia Earhart Dam flanked
- Greatest flooding impacts from SLR/SS.
- By 2070, modeling shows that large portions of the area could be subject to 20% chance of annual flooding (once every five years)
- Conventional flood management techniques, such as storage basins and tanks, would be insufficient to deal with flood volumes.
 Charles River Dam

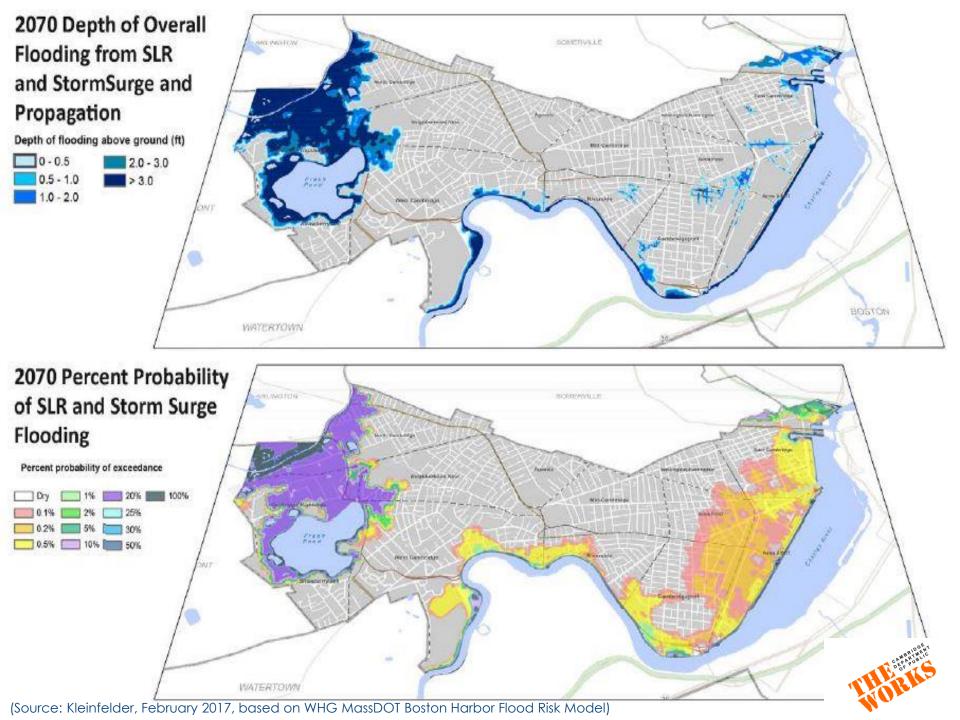
Charles Watershed:

- By 2055, Charles River Dam flanked
- Through 2070, Propagated flooding (river water backing up through the storm drainage pipes) more likely than overland flooding from storm surge.









Climate Change Preparedness & Resiliency Plan (CCRP)

- Two Year planning progress
- Develop objectives, strategies, implementation plans, and monitoring metrics
- Neighborhood level Plan for Fresh Pond-Alewife Area and The Port (pilot)
- Expand to other high risk neighborhoods
- Develop a city-wide plan with integrated actions that increase preparedness and resilience at the building/parcel, neighborhood, citywide, and regional scales



Resiliency Strategies:

- A Prepared Community
- Adapted Buildings
- Resilient Infrastructure
- Resilient Ecosystems



Comments/Questions



